

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY
SYLLABUS FOR FYUGP
Upto 4th Semester

(APPROVED BY ACADEMIC COUNCIL VIDE RESOLUTION NO., DATED.....)



HISTORY SYLLABUS
DIGBOI COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)
DIGBOI-786171

Preamble

The Department of History at Digboi College, established in 1965, stands as one of the institution's founding academic pillars.

The central aim of the History syllabus is to foster a deep and critical understanding of the past—locally, nationally, and globally. Through the study of regional histories of Assam and Northeast India, as well as broader Indian and world histories, students are encouraged to explore the complexities of human civilization, cultural diversity, political evolution, and social change.

History is not just about memorizing dates or events; it's about understanding the forces that shape our world today. In a time when society is rapidly evolving and often divided, historical knowledge helps students develop perspective, empathy, and the ability to engage in informed discussions about contemporary issues.

The curriculum is designed to be both academically rigorous and practically relevant. It prepares students for a variety of career paths—whether in civil services, education, research, journalism, heritage management, NGOs, or other public and private sectors. Importantly, it also equips students with critical skills: analytical thinking, research methodology, writing, and communication.

Introduction to Programme

The undergraduate History syllabus for Digboi College(Autonomous) under the Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) is designed for the Four-Years Undergraduate Programme (FYUGP) as per NEP 2020. Detailed syllabus up to the sixth semester in History is given here. In the first six semesters (three years), the students will complete 15 Major courses of four credits each and six Minor Courses (MC) of four credits each. In the first three semesters, students will complete three Multi-Disciplinary Courses (MAC) of three credits each along with compulsory AEC, SEC, and VAC. Exit options from the program are available as per NEP 2020 to the students.

In the seventh semester, the students will complete three major courses (DSE) of four credits each, one minor course of four credits, and one Research Ethics and Methodology course of four credits. In the eighth semester, the students will complete four Major Courses (DSE) of four credits each with one Minor Course of four credits. Students pursuing Honors with Research will write one Dissertation of eight credits and complete two DSE courses and one minor course in this semester.

The major courses are exclusive to the student who opts History as a major. Minor Courses (MC) are offered to students from other disciplines. The Multi- Disciplinary Courses are offered to the student from other disciplines. The Core Courses have been structured in a way to introduce the student to a range of topics related to the discipline of History. The programme broadly covers courses on Indian civilization, state formation, economic, social and political history from ancient to contemporary periods and on world history. The courses also cover ideas and concepts of historiography to impart knowledge on the traditions of history writing. These also encourage the students to think critically and understand the discipline from multiple perspectives. The Dissertation in the eight semesters will provide training to the students on methods fundamental to historical research which involves critical thinking and analysis of any historical event and issues with mastery over the primary sources. This will help the students in the development of research aptitude.

Aims of Four Year Under-Graduate Programme (FYUGP) in History:

The aims of the Four Year Under-Graduate Programme (FYUGP) in History are:

1. To enhance the students' learning about History as a Social Science discipline, by providing the students with a rigorous historical experience aiming to develop a sound theoretical background in the subject.
2. To enable the students to understand the Historical methodologies.
3. To develop the capabilities of the students to critically evaluate issues and the emerging trends influencing the field of History.
4. To promote an understanding of the process of change with time.
5. To familiarize students with educational technology and train them in the use of ICT in History.

Graduate Attribute for Four Year Undergraduate Programme (FYUGP) History

The programme intends to broadly lay out certain graduates' attributes which are as follows-

- A. **Disciplinary Knowledge:** The foundational knowledge of History, theoretical and philosophical aspects of the discipline
- B. **Communication Skills:** The programme will emphasise on communication skill of the students. Through it the student will be able to express their thoughts and ideas meaningfully and effectively both in oral and writing. It will enhance their overall communication skill.
- C. **Ethical Awareness and Reasoning:** The research project and methodology, dissertation courses in the programme will enhance the graduate's ability to identify the key ethical issues like intellectual property rights, plagiarism, data falsification, social media, environmental issues, artificial intelligence, privacy rights and enhance the reasoning capacity of the graduates.
- D. **Information Technology and Digital Literacy:** Aware knowledge of ICT, enhance the ability to access various information sources and evaluate them critically and effectively.
- E. **Reflective and Critical Thinking:** The programme will enhance the level of analytical and critical thinking in investigating any given event or research-related work. It will develop the capacity to evaluate evidence, arguments, policies, and theories related to the discipline.
- F. **Research-Related Skill:** Programme includes courses on research methodology and projects which will enhance the aptitude and analytical aspects of the graduates to a level that helps to identify the problems, research gaps, methodology, procuring data, formulate hypothesis, analyze data, interpret and draw conclusive findings followed by the preparation of reports.

Programme Learning Outcomes for Four Year Undergraduate Programme (FYUGP) in History:

Firstly, a graduate in History will acquire a profound knowledge of world civilization along with historical knowledge regarding culture, socio-economic development, and politics. A graduate will acquire broad information on the historical geography of the Indian sub-continent and the contemporary world.

Secondly, the programme imbibes broad skills in the discipline of history including manuscript reading, deciphering script, epigraphy, and numismatic, developing archiving skills, and commentary on declassified government/non-government documents, reports, and dispatch.

Thirdly, a graduate of history will develop competency in various academic writings like essays, and research projects.

Fifthly, the courses are structured in a way that gives avenues for further research and teaching in various academic and research institutions across disciplines.

Teaching Learning Process

The programme allows using varied pedagogical methods and techniques both within the classroom and beyond.

- Lecture
- Tutorial
- Power point presentation
- Documentary film on a related topic
- Project Work/Dissertation
- Group Discussion and debate
- Seminars/workshops/conferences
- Field visits and Reports/Excursions
- Mentor/Mentee

Teaching Learning Tools

- Projector
- Smart Television/Digital board for Documentary related topics
- LCD Monitor
- White/Green/Black Board

Assessment

- Home assignment/Book Review/Seminar Presentation by Student
- Project Report
- Class Presentation: Oral/Poster/PowerPoint
- Group Discussions
- In-semester examinations
- End Semester examinations

Course Structure for Under-Graduate Programme in History, 2025

Year	Semester	Course Type	Courses	Credit
1	1 st	Major	CHIS-101 - History of India-I (Prehistory to c.300 BCE)	4
		Minor	MINHIS-101- History of Ancient India	4
		Multi-Disciplinary Course	MDCHIS-101- Introduction to Culture and Heritage of Ancient India	3
		AEC language		4
		VAC	Understanding India	2
		SEC	Any SEC Course selected from the 1 st Semester basket	3
			Total Credit	20
	2 nd	Major	CHIS-202 -Social Formation and Cultural Patterns of Ancient and Medieval World	4
		Minor	MINHIS-202- History of Medieval India	4
		Multi-Disciplinary Course	MDCHIS-202 Introduction to the Cultural Heritage of Assam	3
		AEC-Language II		4
		Environmental Education		2
		SEC	Any SEC Course selected from the 2 nd semester basket	3
			Total Credit	20
2	3 rd .	Major	CHIS-303- History of India II (c. 300 BCE to 500 CE)	4
			CHIS-304 -History of India III (Post-Gupta- 1206 CE)	4
		Minor	MINHIS-303 -History of Modern India	4

		Multi-Disciplinary Course	MDCHIS-303 - Introduction to Indian Freedom Struggle	3
		Digital Solutions/ Mathematical and Reasoning Ability		2

3	4 th	SEC	Any SEC Course selected from the 3 rd semester basket	3
			Total Credit	20
		Major	CHIS-405- History of India-IV (1206-1526)	4
			CHIS-406- Rise of Modern West	4
			CHIS-407- History of India-V (1526-1750s)	4
			CHIS-408- History of Modern India-VI (1757-1857)	4
		Minor	MINHIS-404-Early and Medieval Assam	4
			Total Credit	20
	5 th	Major	CHIS-509 - History of Modern Europe (1789- 1945)	4
			CHIS-510- History of India-VII (1857-1947)	4
			CHIS-511- History of Early and Medieval Assam (Political)	4
		Minor	MINHIS-505- History of Modern Assam	4
		Internship/Community Engagement	May be aligned with the Major/ Minor courses or SEC for internship. For community work as designed by the HEI	4
			Total Credit	20
	6 th	Major	CHIS-612- History of Modern Assam	4
			CHIS-613- Issues in Contemporary World	4
			CHIS-614- Social and Economic History of Assam	4
			CHIS-615 - Introduction to History and Historiography	4
		Minor	MINHIS-606 A- Rise of Modern West or MINHIS-606 B – History of Modern Europe (1789-1945)	4
			Total Credit	20

Semester-I

Course Code:CHIS-101

Course Title: HISTORY OF INDIA-I (Prehistory to c.300BCE) Nature

of the Course: Major

Credit: 4

Marks: 40 (In-Sem) + 60 (End-Sem) = 100

Course Description:

The course offers an in-depth knowledge of the Indian past from prehistoric to historical times. It provides an analytical approach to trace the processes of early state formation and cultural transformations.

➤ **Pre-requisite** - Basic concepts of Indian history and culture

Course Objectives:

The course aims to familiarize the students with a comprehensive understanding of Indian history in chronological detail from prehistoric times to the 6th century BCE. By the end of the course, the students will be able to learn about pre-historic sites, tools, and features of Harappan and Vedic cultures and the early state formation processes in India.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Develop a chronological interpretation of Indian prehistory and protohistory.

CO2: Explain the tools, technologies, and subsistence patterns in Indian prehistory.

CO3: Analyse the characteristics and significance of the Harappan civilization.

CO4: Evaluate the processes of early territorial state formations in the Indian subcontinent around the 6th century BCE.

CO5: Explain the growth of different philosophical traditions during the period

CO6: Interpret the characteristics of the Vedic society and religion

Course Contents

Topics			
Unit-1: Introduction to Indian Prehistory (15 marks)			
1.1	Sources and Approaches, Defining Prehistory and Proto-history	2	1
1.2	Environmental factors and human evolution in Indian prehistory	3	1
1.3	Sources of Indian prehistory- Stone tools, bones, potsherds, artifacts	3	1
1.4	Introduction to dating techniques (Radiocarbon dating, TL dating, K-AR dating, Paleomagnetic dating)	3	1
Unit- 2: Prehistoric India- Hunter-gatherers to Food producers (15 marks)			
2.1	Palaeolithic cultures-distribution of sites- tools, techniques, and subsistence pattern	3	1
2.2	Mesolithic cultures-distribution of sitestools, techniques and subsistence pattern	3	1
2.3	Neolithic cultures in Indiadistribution of sites-tools, techniques, and subsistence pattern	3	1
2.4	Chalcolithic cultures in India (NonHarappan)- Megalithic cultures- distribution of sites	2	1
Unit- 3: The Harappan civilization (15 marks)			
3.1	Phases of Harappan CivilizationGeography and Chronology	2	1
3.2	Urban features of the Harappan civilization	3	1
3.3	Harappan art and architecture	3	1
3.4	Urban decline and the late/postHarappan traditions.	3	1
Unit-4: Cultures in transition (15 marks)			

4.1	Northern India (c.1500-600 BCE)- Vedic and post-Vedic period- society, religion, polity and economy	3	1
4.2	Early Territorial states (c. 600-300 BCE)-Trade and Urban centers	3	1
4.3	Buddhism and Jainism, Ajivika, Carvakas	3	1
4.4	South India (c. 300 BCE -CE 300)	2	1

Modes of In-Semester Assessment : 40 Marks

Two Unit Test : 10+10=20

Any two of the activities listed below : 10+10=20

a. Group Discussion

b. Book Review/Home Assignment

c. Viva

Suggested Reading List:

- V.K. Jain, Prehistory and Protohistory of India-An Appraisal, DK Printwood, 2006
- R.S. Sharma, India's Ancient Past, New Delhi, OUP,2007
- R.S. Sharma, Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India, 1983 □ R.S. Sharma, Looking for the Aryans, Delhi, Orient Longman Publishers, 1995 □ Bridget & F. Raymond Allchin, The Rise of Civilization in India and Pakistan, 1983.
- A.L. Basham, The Wonder that Was India, 1971.
- D.K. Chakrabarti, The Archaeology of Ancient Indian Cities, 1997, Paperback.
- D.K. Chakrabarti, The Oxford Companion to Indian Archaeology, New Delhi, 2006.
- H.C. Raychaudhuri, ed. Political History of Ancient India, Rev.
- K.A. N. Sastri, ed. History of South India, OUP, 1966.
- Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India, 2008. Romila Thapar, Early India from the Beginnings to 1300, Penguin, 2002
- Irfan Habib, A People's History of India -Vol. -1, Prehistory
- R. Chakrabarti, Exploring Early India, Macmillan, 2013
- Uma Chakravarti, The Social Dimensions of Early Buddhism. 1997. Rajan Gurukul, Social Formations of Early South India, 2010.
- R. Champakalakshmi, Trade, Ideology and urbanization: South India 300 BC-AD 1300, 1996

Cognitive Map of Course Outcomes with Bloom's Taxonomy

Knowledge Dimension	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Factual Knowledge	CO1 CO2, CO6	CO1	CO2	CO3 CO5	CO4 CO6	
Conceptual Knowledge		CO1, CO2 CO5, CO6	CO5 CO6	CO3 CO4,CO6		
Procedural Knowledge						
Metacognitive Knowledge						

Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	S	L	L	S
CO2	M	M	S	M	S	S	M	L	S
CO3	M	S	M	S	M	M	M	L	S
CO4	S	M	S	M	S	S	L	L	S
CO5	M	M	M	S	M	M	L	L	S
CO6	S	M	S	S	S	S	L	L	S

S-Strong, M-Medium, L-Low

Course Code: MINHIS-101

Course Title: History of Ancient India

Nature of Course: Minor

Credit: 4

Marks: 40 (In-Sem) + 60 (End-Sem) = 100

Course Description:

This course offers knowledge on the chronological development of ancient Indian history from Harappan times to the post-Gupta period.

Pre-requisite: Basic concepts of Indian history

Course Objectives:

This course aims to familiarize the students with a comprehensive understanding of Indian history from the Harappan period to the post-Gupta period in chronological order. By the end of the course, the students will be able to learn about the features of the Harappan civilization, early states, Mauryan and post-Mauryan polities and the political scenario of India during the Guptas and the post-Gupta dynasties.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Interpret the sources of ancient Indian history

CO2: Explain the origin and extent of Harappan culture and its major sites

CO3: Interpret the characteristics of the Vedic society and economy

CO4: Analyze the political developments of the Magadhan empire throughout the period

CO5: Evaluate the process of polity formation in the post-Mauryan period till c. 600 CE

CO6: Develop a chronological interpretation of the Gupta and post-Gupta polities.

Course contents:

Unit-1: (15 marks)			
		L	T
1.1	Sources –Literary, archaeological and numismatics	2	1
1.2	Harappan Civilization –Origin and Extent, Major sites, Salient features, decline and transformation	4	1
1.3	Vedic Civilization- Society, Economy and Polity	3	1

1.4	Rise of the Territorial States – Janapadas and Mahajanapadas	2	1
Unit-2: (15 marks)			
	Ascendancy of Magadha-	3	1
2.1	Haryanka and Nandas		
2.2	Alexander's Invasion of India.	2	1
2.3	Rise of the Mauryan Empire under Asoka, Asoka's Dhamma	3	1
2.4	Mauryan System of Administration and decline	3	1
Unit-3: (15 marks)			
3.1	Political and economic Developments in the Post-Mauryan period - the Sungas, Kanvas, Kushanas and Satavahanas	4	1
3.2	The Tamils and Sangam Age.	2	1
3.3	The Sakas, Parthians and the Indo-Greeks in India	3	1
3.4	The Guptas and the Vakatakas	2	1
Unit-4: (15 marks)			
4.1	Developments in the post-Gupta period- Vardhanas, Palas and Pratiharas	3	1
4.2	The Pallavas, the Rashtrakutas and the Chalukyas	3	1
4.3	The Imperial Cholas	2	1
4.4	The Arabs and the Turks in Indian politics –Ghaznavids and the Ghorid Invasions	3	1

Modes of In-Semester Assessment

: 40 Marks

Two Unit Test

: 10+10=20

Any two of the activities listed below

: 10+10=20

a. Group Discussion

b. Book Review/Home Assignment

c. Viva

Suggested Readings Lists:

- Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India, Pearson
- Ranabir Chakravarti, Exploring Early India, Macmillan □ R.S.Sharma, India's Ancient India, Oxford
- K.A. N. Sastri, ed. History of South India, OUP, 1966.
- Romila Thapar, Early India from the Beginnings to 1300, Penguin, 2002
- Irfan Habib, A People's History of India -Vol. -I,II □ A.L. Basham, The Wonder that Was India, 1971.

• Cognitive Map of Course Outcomes with Bloom's Taxonomy

Knowledge Dimension	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Factual Knowledge		CO1	CO6 CO2	CO3 CO4	CO5	
Conceptual Knowledge		CO1	CO2 CO6	CO3 CO4	CO5	
Procedural Knowledge						
Metacognitive Knowledge						

• Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	S	L	L	S
CO2	M	M	S	M	S	S	M	L	S
CO3	M	S	M	S	M	M	M	L	S
CO4	S	M	S	M	S	S	L	L	S
CO5	M	M	M	S	M	M	L	L	S
CO6	S	M	S	S	S	S	L	L	S

Semester: I

Course Code:MDCHIS-101

Course Title: Introduction to Culture and Heritage of Ancient India

Nature of Course: Multi- Disciplinary Course

Credit: 3

Marks: 40 (In-Sem) + 60 (End-Sem) = 100

Course objectives and intended learning Outcomes:

CO1: To explain the development of literature in ancient India.

CO2: To interpret various religious traditions of ancient India.

CO3: To explain the development of art and architecture during the period of study.

CO4: To interpret the cultural development during the period.

Course Contents:

Topic		Credit	
Unit-1:		Lecture	Tutorial
		Marks Distribution: 15	
1.1	Sanskrit literature (Vedic, Epic, Puranas, Smritis)	3	1
1.2	Sanskrit literature (drama, prose, didactic, biographical)	3	1
1.3	Pali and Prakrit literature (Jatakas, Nikayas, Pitakas)	3	1
Unit- 2:		Marks Distribution: 15	
2.1	Vedic religion and philosophy, Six schools of philosophy (Astikadarshanas)	3	1
2.2	Origin of Buddhism and Jainism; Buddhist and Jain philosophy	3	1
2.3	Materialistic philosophy	3	1
Unit- 3:		Marks Distribution: 15	
3.1	Schools of Sculptural Art- Gandhara, Mathura, Sarnath, and Amaravati	3	1
3.2	Rock-cut architecture- Pillars, Stupa, Chaitya, Vihara	3	1
3.3	Styles of Temple architecture- Nagara, Dravida and Vesara	3	1

Unit-4:		Marks Distribution: 15	
4.1	Tamil literature (Tolkappiyam, Manimekhalai, Silapadikaram)		
4.2	Later developments of Upanishadic philosophy- Shankara, Madhava and Ramanuja		
4.3	Paintings –prehistoric rock art, mural paintings of Ajanta and Ellora		

Modes of In-Semester Assessment

: 40 Marks

Two Unit Test

: 10+10=20

Any two of the activities listed below

: 10+10=20

d. Group Discussion

e. Book Review/Home Assignment

f. Viva

Suggested Reading List:

- V. K. Jain, Prehistory and Protohistory of India- An Appraisal, DK Printwood, 2006 • R. S. Sharma, India's Ancient Past, New Delhi, OUP,2007
- Upinder Singh, The History of the Ancient and Early Medieval India, Pearson, 2008
- Partha Mitter, Indian Art, OUP, 2001

• Cognitive Map of Course Outcomes with Bloom's Taxonomy

Knowledge Dimension	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Factual Knowledge			CO1	CO4 CO3	CO2	
Conceptual Knowledge			CO1	CO3 CO4	CO2	
Procedural Knowledge						
Metacognitive Knowledge						

• Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	S	L	L	S
CO2	M	M	S	M	S	S	M	L	S
CO3	M	S	M	S	M	M	M	L	S
CO4	S	M	S	M	S	S	L	L	S

Semester: I

Course Title: Understanding India

Nature of Course: VAC

Credit: 2

Assessment: 20 (In Semester)+30 (End Semester)=50

Course Description: This course offers a thorough as well as a comprehensive understanding about India, its cultural developments through art and architecture, religions and philosophies of ancient India. The paper also deals with various constituent assembly debates along with the formation of the Indian Constitution.

Pre-requisite: Basic concepts of Indian society and culture

Objectives: To familiarize the students with the history, culture, and constitution of India

Course Outcomes:

CO1: To interpret the literary and philosophical development in Ancient India. CO2:

To analyze the art and architectural development in early and medieval India CO3: To explain the medieval Bhakti movement and the Sufi tradition.

CO4: To develop an understanding of the Constitution of India.

Course Contents:

Topic		Credit	
Unit-1		Lecture	Tutorial
		Marks Distribution: 15	
1.1	Ancient Indian literature- Sanskrit, Pali, Prakrit, Tamil	4	1
1.2	Scientific literature and development of science in Ancient India	4	1
1.3	Religions and philosophies of ancient India-Vedic, Buddhism, Jainism	4	1
1.4	Education and educational Institutions in Ancient India	4	1
Unit- 2		Marks Distribution: 15	
2.1	Art and architecture of ancient India	4	1

2.2	Art and Architecture of Medieval India	4	1
2.3	Medieval Bhakti Movement and The Sufi Tradition	4	1
Unit- 3		Marks Distribution: 15	
3.1	Constituent Assembly Debates and the Making of the Indian Constitution	3	2
3.2	Basic features of the Indian constitution: Basic Structure Doctrine, Fundamental rights, Directive principles, Federal Structure, Independence of Judiciary, and the Parliamentary system	8	2

Modes of In-Semester Assessment : 20 Marks

Unit Test : 10

Any two of the activities listed below : 10

a.Group Discussion

b.Book Review/Home Assignment

d.Viva

Suggested Reading List:

- A.L. Basham, The Wonder that Was India, Picador India, 1971
- R.S.Sharma, India's Ancient Past, New Delhi, OUP, 2007
- Upinder Singh, The History of the Ancient and Early Medieval India, Pearson, 2008
- Satish Chandra, History of Medieval India, Arihant Publication, 2020
- Durga Das Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2018

Cognitive Map of Course Outcomes with Bloom's Taxonomy

Knowledge Dimension	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Factual Knowledge			CO1	CO4 CO3	CO2	
Conceptual Knowledge			CO1	CO3 CO4	CO2	
Procedural Knowledge						
Metacognitive Knowledge						

Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	S	L	L	S
CO2	M	M	S	M	S	S	M	L	S
CO3	M	S	M	S	M	M	M	L	S
CO4	S	M	S	M	S	S	L	L	S

Semester- II

Name of the Course: Social Formations and Cultural Patterns of Ancient and Medieval World Code: CHIS-202

Nature of the Course: Major

Marks: 40 (In-Sem) + 60 (End-Sem) = 100

Credit: 4

Course Description: The course offers an in-depth knowledge of human history from prehistoric to historical times. It provides an analytical approach to trace the processes of early state formation and cultural transformations.

Pre-requisite - Basic chronological understanding of World civilizations.

Course Objectives: The course aims to familiarize the students with a comprehensive understanding of world history in chronological detail from prehistoric times to the medieval period. By the end of the course, the students will be able to learn about pre-historic sites, tools, and features of various ancient civilizations and medieval societies with an understanding of the early social formation processes in the world.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: To explain the historical development of human civilization around the world.

CO2: To Compare socio-cultural and economic developments of early medieval human societies.

CO3: To explain the challenges and crises faced by these early civilizations and their responses to these crises.

CO4: To explain the emergence and development of the major religions.

Course Contents:

Topic	Credit	
	Lecture	Tutorial
	MarksDistribution:15	

1.1	Origin and growth Human	6	1
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	culture and Civilization- Prehistoric culture: Characteristic features of Palaeolithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic		
1.2	Bronze and Iron age: Iron Debate, Characteristic features, important sites	6	1
Unit-2		MarksDistribution:15	
2.1	Mesopotamian Civilization: up to Akkadian: Temple economy, Law Codes.	4	1
2.2	Egyptian Civilization: Political Developments, Art & Architecture, Religion.	4	1
2.3	Chinese Civilization: Polity, Society, Science & Technological Developments	4	
Unit-3		MarksDistribution:15	
3.1	Greek Civilization: Athenian Democracy, Society and Culture. Slavery	4	1
3.2	Roman Civilization: Establishment of Republic, Society and Cultures, trade and urbanization	4	1
3.3	Europe in the Medieval Age: feudalism, Expansion of Christianity.	4	1
Unit-4		MarksDistribution:15	
4.1	The Aztec and the Maya-The Origin, Society, Religion, Economy and Decline	4	1
4.2	The Incas: Origin, Polity, Religion, Society and Economy, Art and Architecture, Decline.	4	1

4.3	Central Islamic civilization (Arab and Persia): Rise of Islam, <i>Ummah</i> , Caliphate, Crusades	4	1
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Modes of In-Semester Assessment : 40 Marks
Two Unit Test : 10+10=20
Any two of the activities listed below : 10+10=20

- a. Group Discussion
- b. Book Review/Home Assignment
- c. Viva

Suggested Reading List:

- Burnsand Ralph, World Civilizations
- Gordon Childe, What Happened in History
- UNESCO series, History of Mankind
- Amar Farooqui , Early Social Formations
- Rakesh Kumar, Ancient and Medieval World: From Evolution of Humans to the Crisis of Feudalism
- Perry Anderson ,Passages from Antiquity to Feudalism

Charles Phillips , et al, Aztec and Maya : The Complete Illustrated History.

Cognitive Map of Course Outcomes with Bloom's Taxonomy

Knowledge Dimension	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Factual Knowledge		CO1	CO2	CO3 CO4	CO3	
Conceptual Knowledge		CO1 CO2	CO2	CO3 CO4		
Procedural Knowledge						
Meta cognitive Knowledge						

Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	S	L	L	S
CO2	M	M	S	M	S	S	M	L	S
CO3	M	S	M	S	M	M	M	L	S
CO4	S	M	S	M	S	S	L	L	S

S-Strong, M-Medium, L-Low

SEMESTER-II

Name of the Course: History of Medieval India

Code: MINHIS-202

Nature of the Course: Minor

Marks: 40 (In-Sem) + 60 (End-Sem) = 100

Credit: 4

Course Description: The course offers a comprehensive understanding of Indian history during the medieval period. It provides a systematic approach to study the political and socio-cultural history of the Indo-Islamic political powers viz. Delhi Sultanate and Mughal Empire and contemporary regional states.

Pre-requisite - Basic chronological understanding of Indian history.

Course Objectives: The course aims to familiarize the students with a comprehensive understanding of the history of Medieval India in chronological detail from the emergence of the Delhi Sultanate to the Mughals. By the end of the course, the students will be able to learn about the political history and various socio-cultural-economic developments in medieval India.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: To discuss the political history of India during the Delhi Sultanate.

CO2: To discuss the political history of India during the Mughals.

CO3: To explain the political developments in the 18th century.

CO4. To discuss the developments in the major religious trends and development in the art-architecture in medieval India.

Course Contents:

Topic		Credit	
Unit-1			Lecture
		MarksDistribution:15	
1.1	Indian polity during 11 th and 12 th century: Background	3	1
1.2	Advent the Arabs and the Turks in Indian politics–Ghaznivids And the Ghorid Invasions	3	
1.3	Establishment of The Delhi Sultanate- (a) The Slave dynasty (b) The Khalijis- AlauddinKhaliji's Administration (c) The Tughlaqs –Experiments of Muhammad Bin Tughlaq.	3	1
1.4	Disintegration of Delhi Sultanate and Rise of Provincial Kingdoms: Vijayanagar and Bahmani kingdom	3	1
Unit-2		MarksDistribution:15	
2.1	Establishment of Mughal rule: (a) India on the eve of Babur's invasion and establishment of the Mughal rule under Babur; Military technology and warfare (use of firearms) (b) Humayun's struggle for empire (c) Sher Shah, his administrative And revenue reforms	4	1
2.2	Consolidation of Mughal rule under Akbar: (a) Campaigns and conquests: Mughal-Rajput diplomacy, annexations in the North-West Frontier, Conquest of Bengal, Sulhi-kul; <i>Din-I Ilahi</i>	4	1

2.3	Evolution of administrative institutions and apparatus: <i>zabt, mansab, jagir, madad-i-maash</i> grants, Zamindars, and peasants (<i>Khudkasht and pahikasht</i>)	4	1
Unit-3		MarksDistribution:15	
3.1	Mughal Empire under Jahangir and Shahjahan: Important campaigns and conquests, peasant rebellions, wars of Succession	3	1
3.2	Mughal Empire during the reign of Aurangzeb: Military and Religious policies.	3	1
3.3	Decline and disintegration of the Mughal empire: Various issues	3	1
3.4	Emergence of the regional powers: Marathas, Nawabs of Bengal	3	
Unit-4		MarksDistribution:15	
4.1	Bhakti Movement: Saguna and Nirguna Trends (Tulsi, Kabir, Meerabai); Growth and Development of Vernacular Literature	3	1
4.2	Sufism in India: Basic characteristics and important Silsilahs (Chistis and Suhrawardis)	3	
4.3	Guru Nanak and emergence of the Sikhs	3	1
4.4	Developments in art and architecture: Important features of Indo-Islamic style, characteristics of miniature Paintings	3	1

Modes of In-Semester Assessment : 40 Marks

Two Unit Test : 10+10=20

Any two of the activities listed below : 10+10=20

a. Group Discussion

b. Book Review/Home Assignment

c. Viva

Suggested Reading List:

- Satish Chandra: Medieval India.
- Salma Ahmed Farooqui: A Comprehensive History of Medieval India
- Vipul Singh, Interpreting Medieval India: Early Medieval, Delhi Sultanate and regions
- Meena Bhargava, Understanding Mughal India: 16th to 18th centuries

Cognitive Map of Course Outcomes with Bloom's Taxonomy

Knowledge Dimension	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Factual Knowledge			CO2	CO3 CO4	CO1	
Conceptual Knowledge		CO1 CO4		CO3	CO2 CO3	
Procedural Knowledge						
Metacognitive Knowledge						

Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes

O/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	M	M	S	S	S	L	L	S
CO2	S	S	M	M	S	S	M	L	S
CO3	M	S	M	S	S	S	M	L	S
CO4	S	M	M	M	S	S	M	L	S

S-Strong, M-Medium, L-Low

Semester: II

Name of the Course: Introduction to the Cultural Heritage of Assam

Course Code: MDCHIS-202

Nature of the Course: Multi- Disciplinary Course

Credit: 3

Marks: 40 (In-Sem) + 60 (End-Sem) = 100

Course Outcomes:

CO1: To develop an understanding of the archaeological remains of early Assam.

CO2: To explain the development of art and architecture in the medieval period with special reference to the Ahoms.

CO3: To explain the religious and cultural developments of Medieval Assam.

CO4: To evaluate the development of religious institutions and literature in Medieval Assam.

Course Contents

Topic		Credit	
Unit-1		Lecture	Tutorial
		MarksDistribution:15	
1.1	Archaeological remains: Deopahar, Malini than, Madan Kamdev, Daparbotiya, Doyang- Dhansiri , Ambari	4	1
1.2	Sculptures of Assam: Deopani school, East India school of Medieval Art	4	1
1.3	Stupas and rock-cut caves: Surya Pahar, Jogighopa, Pancharatna	4	1
Unit:2		MarksDistribution:15	
2.1	Historical monuments of the Ahom period: monuments at Sivasagar, Dergaon, Maidams of Charaideu	4	1
2.2	Monuments of the Koch period: Kamakhya and Hajo.	4	1
2.3	Literary traditions of Medieval Assam: <i>Buranjis, Vamsavalis</i>	4	1
Unit:3		MarksDistribution:15	
3.1	Neo- Vaishnavism in Medieval Assam: Socio-religious background, Basic tenets	4	1
3.2	Satra institutions of Barpeta and Majuli	4	1
3.3	Development of Vernacular literature:	4	1

	Bhakti literature, <i>Caritputhis</i>		
	Unit:4	MarksDistribution:15	
4.1	Monuments Kachari period: Kasomari and Dimapur	4	1
4.2	Art and Architecture of the Ahoms	4	1
4.3	Manuscript tradition of medieval Assam	4	1

Modes of In-Semester Assessment : 40 Marks

Two Unit Test : 10+10=20

Any two of the activities listed below : 10+10=20

a. Group Discussion/Viva

b. Project/Seminar

c. Home Assignment

Suggested Reading List:

- Maheswar Neog, Cultural Heritage of Assam
- Sankardeva and His Times
- H.K. Barpujari, The Comprehensive History of Assam Vol. I and III
- S. N. Sarma, A Socio-Economic and Cultural History of Medieval Assam
-Neo- Vaishnavite Movement and Satra Institutions of Assam
- B.K.Baruah, A Cultural History of Assam
- S.L. Baruah, A Comprehensive History of Assam

Semester -III

Name of the Course: History of India II (c.300 BCE-500 CE)

Code: CHIS-303

Nature of the Course: Major

Credit: 4

Marks: 40 (In-Sem) + 60 (End-Sem) = 100

Course Description: This course offers an in-depth knowledge of Indian history from Mauryan times to the rule of the Gupta dynasty.

Pre-requisite: Basic concept of Indian history

Course Objectives: This course aims to familiarize the students with a comprehensive understanding of Indian history from 300 BCE to 500 CE.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Explain the nature of the Mauryan and post-Mauryan polities

CO2: Evaluate the changing political formations under the Kushanas and Guptas

CO3: Interpret the socio-economic formations in early historic India

CO4: Analyze the nature of cultural developments in India between BCE 300-750 CE

Course Contents

Topic		Credit	
Unit-1		Lecture	Tutorial
Changing political formations-I:		MarksDistribution:15	
1.1	The Mauryan Empire-Extent and sources, Inscriptions	3	1
1.2	Asoka and His Dhamma, Administration, Decline	3	
1.3	Post-Mauryan politics- Sunga, Kanva	3	1
1.4	Satavahanas and their polity	3	1

Unit- 2 Changing political formations -II:		MarksDistribution:15	
2.1	Indo-Greeks, Sakas, Pahlavas	3	1
2.2	Kushanas	3	1
2.3	Gupta Empire: Extent, sources, administration, decline	3	
2.4	Contemporaries of the Guptas	3	
Unit- 3 Economy and Society		MarksDistribution:15	
3.1	Expansion of agrarian economy	3	1
3.2	Urban centres and Craft production,	3	1
3.3	Trade-internal and external, metallic coinage.	3	1
3.4	Social Stratification: Varna, Jati, Untouchability	3	
Unit-4 Cultural developments (circa300BCE- CE750		MarksDistribution:15	
4.1	Transformations in Buddhism and Jainism, Puranic tradition	3	1
4.2	A brief survey of Sanskrit, Pali, Prakrit and Tamil literature, Scientific and technical treatises	3	
4.3	Art and architecture-Mauryan and postMauryan (pillars, sculptures, stupa, chaitya)	3	1
4.4	Art and architecture-Gupta and Vakataka (temple, cave, sculptures), Ajanta paintings	3	1

Modes of In-Semester Assessment

: 40 Marks

Two Unit Test

: 10+10=20

Any two of the activities listed below

: 10+10=20

a.Group Discussion/Viva

b.Seminar

c. Book Review/ Home Assignment

Suggested Reading List

- Upinder Singh, The History of the Ancient and Early Medieval India, Pearson, 2008
- R.S. Sharma, India's Ancient Past, OUP, 2007
- D. P. Chattopadhyaya, History of Science and Technology in Ancient India
- D.D. Kosambi, An Introduction to the Study of Indian History,
- S. K. Maity, Economic Life in Northern India in the Gupta Period, □ B.P. Sahu(ed), Land System and Rural Society in Early India, □ K.A. N. Sastri, A History of South India.
- Romila Thapar, Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, 1997.

- Susan Huntington, The Art of Ancient India: Buddhist, Hindu, and Jain
 - R. Chakrabarti, Exploring Early India, Macmillan, 2013
 - N. N. Bhattacharya, Ancient Indian Rituals and Their Social Contents
 - J.C. Harle, The Art and Architecture of the Indian Subcontinent
 - P. L. Gupta, Coins
- KesavanVeluthat, The Early Medieval in South India

Cognitive Map of Course Outcomes with Bloom's Taxonomy

Knowledge Dimension	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Factual Knowledge			CO1	CO4 CO3	CO2	
Conceptual Knowledge			CO1	CO3 CO4	CO2	
Procedural Knowledge						
Metacognitive Knowledge						

Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	S	L	L	S
CO2	M	M	S	M	S	S	M	L	S
CO3	M	S	M	S	M	M	M	L	S
CO4	S	M	S	M	S	S	L	L	S

Semester: III

Course Code: CHIS-304

Course Title: History of India –III (post-Gupta to 1200 CE)

Nature of Course: Major

Credit: 4

Marks=40(In-Sem) +60 (End-Sem) =100

Course Description: This course offers in-depth knowledge of Indian history of the post-Gupta period

Pre-requisite: Basic concept of Indian history

Course Objectives: This course aims to familiarize the students with a comprehensive understanding of the history of India during the post-Gupta dynasties.

Course Outcome:

CO1: To analyze the political structures in the post-Gupta period in Indian history.

CO2: To explain the formation of political structures in the Deccan and South India.

CO3: To assess the growth and development of the economy during the period of study.

CO4: To explain the religious and cultural developments in India during the period of study.

Course contents:

Topic		Credit	
Unit-1: Political Structures		Lecture	Tutorial
		Marks Distribution: 15	
1.1	Sources and approaches	3	1
1.2	Post-Gupta Polities: Vardhanas, Palas,	3	
1.3	Pratiharas	3	1
1.4	Rastrakutas	3	1
Unit- 2: Political Structures		Marks Distribution: 15	
2.1	Chalukya, Pallava	3	1
2.2	Cholas: State and Administration	3	1
2.3	The Arab conquest of Sindh	3	1
2.4	Early Turkish invasions	3	
Unit- 3: Agrarian Structure, Trade and Urbanism:		Marks Distribution: 15	
3.1	Land grant and Agricultural Expansion	3	1
3.2	Feudal economy and polity in early medieval India, Feudal debate-	3	1
3.3	Internal and External Trade, Urban centers	3	1
3.4	Coinage and money economy, Merchant guilds of South India	3	
Unit-4: Religious and Cultural Developments:		Marks Distribution: 15	
4.1	Growth of Bhakti philosophy- Alvars and Nayanar	3	1
4.2	Islamic intellectual traditions: Al-Biruni; Al-Hujwiri	3	
4.3	A survey of Literature (royal biographies- Charitas, technical treatises, historical texts- Rajatarangini)	3	1
4.4	Art and Architecture: Nagara, Dravida and Vesara	3	1

Modes of In-Semester Assessment : 40 Marks

Two Unit Test : 10+10=20

Any two of the activities listed below : 10+10=20

a. Group Discussion/Viva

b. Seminar

c. Book Review / Home Assignment

Suggested Reading List:

- Upinder Singh, The History of the Ancient and Early Medieval India, Pearson, 2008
- R.S. Sharma, India's Ancient Past, OUP, 2007
- Romila Thapar, Early India from origins up to 1300 AD, Penguin, 2002 □ R. Chakrabarti, Exploring Early India, Macmillan, 2013

- R.S. Sharma, Indian Feudalism (circa 300-1200).
- B.D. Chattopadhyaya, The Making of Early Medieval India.
- R. S. Sharma and K.M. Shrimali (ed). Comprehensive History of India, Vol. IV(A&B).
- Mohammad Habib and K.A. Nizami, eds, Comprehensive History of India, Vol.V, The Delhi Sultanate
- Hermann Kulke, ed., The State in India(AD1000-AD1700).
- N. Karashima, South Indian History and Society (Studies from Inscriptions, AD 850- 1800
- Derry IN. Maclean, Religion, and Society in Arab Sindh □ Richard Davis, Lives of Indian Images.
- Romila Thapar, Somanatha: The Many Voices of History.
- John S. Deyell, Living Without Silver: The Monetary History of Early Medieval North India.Vijaya Ramaswamy, Walking Naked: Women, Society, and Spirituality in South India.
- Burton Stein, Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India.
- R. Champakalakshmi, Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: SouthIndia, 300 BCto1300 AD. A l. Beruni's India, NBT edition.
- Ali Hujwiri, Kashful Mahjoob, tr. R. Nicholson.
- SC Mishra, Rise of Muslim Communities in Gujarat.

Cognitive Map of Course Outcomes with Bloom's Taxonomy

Knowledge Dimension	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Factual Knowledge			CO3	CO1 CO2	CO4	
Conceptual Knowledge			CO3	CO1 CO2	CO4	
Procedural Knowledge						
Metacognitive Knowledge						

• Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes

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CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	S	L	L	S
CO2	M	M	S	M	S	S	M	L	S
CO3	M	S	M	S	M	M	M	L	S
CO4	S	M	S	M	S	S	L	L	S

Semester: III

Name of the Course: History of Modern India (From 1757- 1947 A.D.)

Course Code: MINHIS-303

Nature of the Course: Minor

Credit: 4

Marks: 40 (In-Sem) + 60 (End-Sem) = 100

CO1: To examine the factors that led to the establishment of British rule in India CO2:

To analyze the growth and expansion of the British empire in India.

CO3: To develop a critical understanding of the British economic policies in India and its reactions.

CO4: To evaluate different movements that happened during this period.

Course Contents

Topic			
Unit-1 (Marks 15)			
		L	T
1.1	Decline and the Disintegration of the Mughal Empire and the Growth of Regional Powers	3	1
1.2	The establishment of the British Rule in India: The Battle of Plassey and the Battle of Buxar	3	1
1.3	Robert Clive and his Dual Administration in Bengal, Anglo-French Rivalry	3	1
1.4	Expansion and Consolidation of the British Rule under Warren Hastings and Lord Cornwallis	2	1
Unit- 2 (Marks 15)			
2.1	British Relations with the Marathas and Mysore, Lord Wellesley and the Policy of Subsidiary Alliance, Lord Hastings and the Relations with the Indian States.	3	1
2.2	Lord Bentinck and his Reforms; Raja Ram Mohan Roy and the Growth of Western Education in India	3	1
2.3	The Growth and Expansion of Sikh Power under Ranjit Singh; Lord Dalhousie and his Policy of Expansion- The Doctrine of Lapse	3	1
2.4	The Revolt of 1857- Causes and Consequences, The Government of India Act of 1858	2	1
Unit- 3 (Marks 15)			
3.1	The British Economic Policies in India- Land	2	1

	Revenue, Trade, Commercialization of Agriculture, The Drain Theory		
3.2	Socio-Religious Reform Movements in the 19 th century	2	1
3.3	Tribal Movements, Growth of Nationalism and the Establishment of the Indian National Congress, Moderates and Extremist Phase	2	1
3.4	Lord Curzon and the Partition of Bengal- The Swadeshi Movement in India, Home Rule Movement- Growth of Revolutionary Movement	2	1
3.5	Constitutional Reforms Acts of 1861, Act of 1891, Act of 1909, and Act of 1919	2	1
Unit 4 (Marks 15)			
4.1	Gandhi in Indian Politics- Kheda and Champaran, The Khilafat and the Non-Cooperation Movement, the Civil Disobedience Movement	3	1
4.2	Peasants Movements, Labour Movements and Depressed Class Movements	2	1
4.3	The Growth of the Left, Muslim League, and Communal Politics in India Government of India Act 1935, Provincial Election in 1937, and the Congress Politics	3	1
4.4	The Quit India Movement, INA, RIN Movement, Cabinet Mission Plan and Partition of India	3	1

Modes of In-Semester Assessment : 40 Marks

Two Unit Test : 10+10=20

Any two of the activities listed below : 10+10=20

a. Group Discussion/Viva

b. Seminar

c. Book Review/ Home Assignment

Suggested Reading List:

- Bandyopadhyaya, Sekhar, *From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India*, Orient Longman Ltd. Hyderabad, 2004.
- Chandra, B, Mukherjee, M and et, al, *India's Struggle for Independence*, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 2003.

- Chandra, B, *The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India*, Peoples Publication House, New Delhi, 1990.
- Dodewell, W (ed) *The Cambridge History of India*, Vol. V. S. Chand & Company, New Delhi, 1990.
- Desai, A. R: *Social Background of Indian Nationalism*, Popular Publication, New Delhi, 1990.
- Fisher, Micheal: *The Politics of the British Annexation of India, 1757 – 1857*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1999.
- Gopal, S: *The British Policy in India, 1858-1905*, Mc. Millan, New Delhi, 1992.

Grewal, J. S: *The Sikhs of the Punjab*, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 1999.

Cognitive Map of Course Outcomes with Bloom's Taxonomy

Knowledge Dimension	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Factual Knowledge		CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	
Conceptual Knowledge		CO1 CO2		CO3 CO4		
Procedural Knowledge						
Metacognitive Knowledge						

Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	S	L	L	S
CO2	M	M	S	M	S	S	M	L	S
CO3	M	S	M	S	M	M	M	L	S
CO4	S	M	S	M	S	S	L	L	S

S-Strong, M-Medium, L-Low

Semester: III

Name of the Course: Introduction to Indian Freedom Struggle (1857-1947)

Course Code: MDCHIS-303

Nature of Course: Multi- Disciplinary Course

Credit: 3

Marks: 60+40

Course Description:

This course offers an introduction to the history of freedom struggle in India. It provides an analytical approach to assess the role of various political organizations and intelligentsia and the different approaches and methods employed in different phases of the movement for India's Independence from the British rule.

Pre-requisite - Basic knowledge of the history of Modern India.

Course Objectives:

The course aims to acquaint the student with the history of the freedom struggle in India. It will familiarize the student with the various phases of the movement, the significant role of the freedom fighters, organizations, ideologies, and methods in uniting all the different sections of the society in fighting against the British colonial power. After completion of the course, the student will be able to think critically about the significant events in modern India and at the same time able to comprehend and identify historical themes, causes, and effects.

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO1: Explain the different phases of the Freedom movements in India.

CO2: Analyse the role of the intelligentsia in the emergence of political consciousness **CO3:** Compare the different political ideologies and approaches in the freedom movement.

CO4: Examine the policies and plans introduced by the British Parliament for Independence and transfer of power to India.

Course Contents

Topic		Credit	
Unit-1:		Lecture	Tutorial
		Marks Distribution: 20	
1.1	The Revolt of 1857, Tribal and Peasant movements	4	1

1.2	Growth of Nationalism and Political Associations before 1885, Foundation of Indian National Congress: Ideology, Moderates and Extremist	4	1
1.3	Economic Nationalism, Drain of Wealth theory, Partition of Bengal,	4	1
	Swadeshi Movement, Revolutionary movements		
Unit- 2:		Marks Distribution: 20	
2.1	Gandhi's entry into Indian Politics: Method and Struggle : Champaram, Kheda, Rowlatt Satyagraha	4	1
2.2	The Khilafat and Non-Co-operation Movement, Civil Disobedience Movement	4	1
2.3	The Rise of Socialist, Depressed Class Movements and Ambedkar, Peasants and Workers struggle.	4	1
Unit- 3:		Marks Distribution: 20	
3.1	The Rise of Muslim Leagues and Politics of Jinnah.	4	1
3.2	Government of India Act 1935 and the Provincial Autonomy	4	1
3.3	The World War II and Quit India Movement	4	1
Unit- 4:		Marks Distribution: 20	
4.1	The Indian National Army		
4.2	Post-War Nationalist Upsurge- Cabinet Mission and Grouping Controversy.		
4.3	The Indian Independence Act, Transfer of Power, and Partition.		

Modes of In-Semester Assessment

: 40 Marks

Two Unit Test

: 10+10=20

Any two of the activities listed below

: 10+10=20

a. Group Discussion/Viva

b. Seminar

c. Book Review / Home Assignment

Suggested Reading List:

- R Desai: *Social Background of Indian Nationalism*, Sage Publication India, Reprinted 2016.
- Biswamoy Pati, *The 1857 Rebellion*, New Delhi Oxford University, 2007
- Sumit Sarkar, *The Swadeshi Movement in India*, New Delhi Permanent Black, 1973. □ -----
---, *Modern India, 1887-1947*, Macmillan India, 1983.
- Bipan Chandra, *India's Struggle for Independence*, Penguin India,
- Shekhar Bandyopadhyay, *From Plassey to Partition*, Orient Black-swan Pvt. 2009.
- Judith Brown, *Gandhi Rise to Power*, Cambridge University Press, 1971.
- Irfan Habib, *Indian Nationalism, the Essential Reading*, Aleph Book Company, 2017
- David Hardiman, *The Non-Violent Struggle for Indian Freedom 1905-1919*, Penguin Vikings 2018.
- MK Gandhi, *The Hind Swaraj* Various Edition: Pare led.. and T.Surhud, S Sharma ed. Etc
- Peter Hardy, *The Muslim of British India*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge University Press, 1972.

Ramchandra Guha, *Gandhi and the Years that Change the World 1914-1948*, Penguin Indian 2018.

Cognitive Map of Course Outcomes with Bloom's Taxonomy

Knowledge Dimension	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Factual Knowledge		CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	
Conceptual Knowledge		CO1 CO2		CO3 CO4		
Procedural Knowledge						
Metacognitive Knowledge						

Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	S	L	L	S
CO2	M	M	S	M	S	S	M	L	S
CO3	M	S	M	S	M	M	M	L	S
CO4	S	M	S	M	S	S	L	L	S
CO5	M	M	M	S	M	M	L	L	S
CO6	S	M	S	S	S	S	L	L	S

S-Strong, M-Medium, L-Low

SEMESTER-IV

Name of the Course: History of India-IV (c. 1206-1526)

Course Code: CHIS-405

Nature of the course: Major

Credit: 4

Marks-40 (In Sem) + 60 (End Sem) = 100

Course Description: The course offers an in-depth knowledge of Indian history during Medieval times. It provides a systematic approach to study political and socio-cultural history during the Delhi Sultanate and contemporary regional states.

Pre-requisite - Basic chronological understanding of Indian history.

Course Objectives: The course aims to familiarize the students with a comprehensive understanding of the history of Medieval India in chronological detail from the emergence of the Delhi Sultanate. By the end of the course, the students will be able to learn about the political history and various socio-cultural developments in medieval societies with an understanding of the developments in the sphere of religion, art, and architecture.

Course Objectives (Cos):

CO1: Discuss the historical sources of medieval India.

CO2: Assess political development in India between 1200-1526.

CO3: Critically analyze the political developments in the different regions of India.

CO4: Explain the development of art and architecture of the period.

Course Contents

Topic			
Unit -1: Interpreting the Delhi Sultanate:		MARKS-15	
		L	T
1.1	<p>Survey of sources and approaches:</p> <p>(a) Persian Chronicles <i>Tarikh</i> tradition (Barani's <i>Tarikhi Firozshahi</i> and Minhaj-us Siraj's <i>Tabaqati Nasiri</i>), Travellers' accounts (Al Beruni & Ibn Batuta)</p> <p>(b) Vernacular histories: <i>Vigratha</i> tradition and <i>Premakhyan</i> (<i>Chandayyan, Padmavat</i>)</p> <p>(c) Epigraphy (Palam Baoli inscription) and Numismatics</p>	5	1
1.2	<p>(b) Early Medieval polities: the Rajput states of North-West India and invasions of Mahmud of Ghazni</p> <p>(c) Sultanate Political Structures: Emergence of the Sultanate of Delhi (Ruling elites and political authority)</p> <p>(d) Mamluk Sultans (Aibak to Balban), <i>Iqta</i> System</p>	5	1
1.3	The expansion and consolidation under The Khalijis (Market reform policies)	5	1
Unit- 2: Disintegration of the Delhi Sultanate:		MARKS-15	
2.1	The Tughlaqs (expansion and consolidation, Deccan policy)	5	1

2.2	Mongol threat and Timur's invasion	5	1
2.3	The Lodis: Conquest of Bahlul and Sikander	5	1
Unit- 3: Emergence of provincial Dynasties: Political structure and Consolidation of regional identities: MARKS-15			
3.1	Emergence of Vijaynagar Empire, Political structure: <i>Nayaka</i> system, Decline	5	1
3.2	Sultanates of Deccan Bahmani, Ahmadnagar, Golconda, Berar, Bedar (Emergence, political structure, Decline)	5	1
3.3	Bengal Sultanate (Emergence, political structure)	5	1
Unit-4: Art and Architecture: MARKS-15			
4.1	Architecture of early medieval period (Trabeate Style) Emergence of Indo-Islamic architecture (major features of	5	1
	Arcuate style)		
4.2	Major building projects under the Delhi Sultans	5	1
4.3	Art and architecture of Regions: Vijaynagara and Bahmani, Bengal	5	1

Modes of In-Semester Assessment : 40 Marks
Two Unit Test : 10+10=20
Any two of the activities listed below : 10+10=20

- a.** Group Discussion/Viva
- b.** Seminar
- c.** Book Review/ Home Assignment

ESSENTIAL READINGS:

Mohammad Habib and K.A. Nizami, (eds.) Comprehensive History of India, Vol. V, The Delhi Sultanate.
 Satish Chandra, Medieval India I.
 Peter Jackson, The Delhi Sultanate.
 Catherine Asher and Cynthia Talbot, India Before Europe.
 Tapan Raychaudhuri and Irfan Habib, (eds.) Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol. I.
 K.A. Nizami, Religion and Politics in the Thirteenth Century.

W.H. McLeod, Karine Schomer, (et al, eds.) The Sants.

S.A.A. Rizvi, A History of Sufism in India, Vol. I.

Mohibul Hasan, Historians of Medieval India.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

Cynthia Talbot, Pre-colonial India in Practice.

Simon Digby, War Horses and Elephants in the Delhi Sultanate. I.H.

Siddiqui, Afghan Despotism.

Burton Stein, New Cambridge History of India: Vijayanagara.

Richard M. Eaton, ed., India's Islamic Traditions. -----, India in the Persianate Age 1000_1765

Vijaya Ramaswamy, Walking Naked: Women, Society, and Spirituality in South India.

Sheldon Pollock, Languages of the Gods in the World of Men.

Pushpa Prasad, Sanskrit Inscriptions of the Delhi Sultanate.

Andre Wink, Al-Hind, Vols. I-III.

Cognitive Map of Course Outcomes with Bloom's Taxonomy

Knowledge Dimension	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Factual Knowledge		CO1	CO2	CO3 CO4	CO3 CO2	
Conceptual Knowledge		CO1 CO4	CO2	CO3	CO2 CO3	
Procedural Knowledge						
Metacognitive Knowledge						

Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	S	L	L	S
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	M	L	S
CO3	M	S	M	S	S	S	S	L	S
CO4	S	M	S	M	S	S	L	L	S

S-Strong, M-Medium, L-Low

SEMESTER IV

Course Code: CHIS-406

Course Title: Rise of Modern West

Nature of Course: Major

Course Credit: 4

Marks- 40+60=100

Course Outcomes:

CO 1: To critically appraise the European transition from feudalism to capitalism.

CO 2: To assess the advent of the Age of Renaissance in Europe.

CO 3: To explain economic transformation in Europe and in the new world.

CO 4: Examine European enlightenment and role of philosophers.

Course content:

		Credits	
Unit I	Transition period 15	Lectures	Tutorial

1.01	The transition from Feudalism to Capitalism- Problems and Theoretical debates- factors responsible for its decline.	3	1
1.02	Early colonial expansion – political and economic dimension- Plantation, labour, mines	3	1
1.03	Slavery and the slave trade	3	1
1.04	Agriculture Revolution- British and Scottish Agriculture Revolution	3	1
	The conquest of the Americas and the beginning of		

	colonization- Mercantilism –Evolution of banking system and financial institutions- Emergence of mercantile capitalism.		
Unit II	Age of Renaissance and Reformation 15		
2.01	Renaissance – Its idea and impacts in Europe -Art, and Humanism	3	1
2.02	Reformation in Europe- social background – Martin Luther, Calvin and Zwingli, Anglicanism, Counterreformation	3	1
2.03	English Civil War- Role of Parliament- Oliver Cromwell- Royalist and Parliamentarians	3	1
2.04	Restoration of the English monarchy in England		

Unit III	Modern State System	15		
3.01	16th-century economic transformation in Europe- shift from the Mediterranean to the Atlantic	3	1	
	Commercial revolution, Influx of American Silver, and Price revolution	3	1	
3.02		3	1	
3.03	European state system- Thirty Year War and Treaty of Westphalia, Age of Absolutism in 17 th and 18 th century Spain, England, France, and Russia	3	1	
3.04	Economic Reformation in Europe – Shift from the Mediterranean to the Atlantic			
	Colonial policies in the European state system- Commercial Revolution: background, guilds and merchant companies, joint stock companies-			
Unit IV	Enlightenment in Europe	15		
4.01	Enlightenment in Europe- Role of Philosophers (Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau)	3	1	
4.02	Scientific Revolution in Europe: Impact	3	1	
4.03	Enlightened Despotism in Europe – Prussia, Austria and Russia	3	1	
	American Revolution- Economic and political factors	3	1	

<i>Modes of In-Semester Assessment</i>	<i>: 40 Marks</i>
<i>Two Unit Test</i>	<i>: 10+10=20</i>
<i>Any two of the activities listed below</i>	<i>: 10+10=20</i>

- a. Group Discussion/Viva*
- b. Seminar/Home Assignment*
- c. Book Review*

Suggested Readings:

T.S. Aston and C.H.E. Phillips(eds) *The Brenner Debate*

H. Butterfield, *The Origin of Modern Science*

Carlo M . Cipolla, Fontana *Economic History of Europe, Vols II and III*

Carlo M. Cipolla, *Before the Industrial Revolution, European Society and Economy, 1000-1700*, 3rd ed 1993

D.C. Coleman(ed) *Revisions in Mercantilism*

Ralph Davis, *The Rise of Atlantic Economies*

Maurice Dobb, *Studies in the Development of Capitalism*

J.R. Hale, *Renaissance Europe*

R. Hall *From Galileo to Newton*

Christopher Hill, *A Century of Revolutions*

Rodney Hilton, *Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism*

H.G. Koenigsberger and G.L. Mosse, *Europe in the Sixteenth Century*

Stephen J. Lee, *Aspects of European History, 1494- 1789*

G. Parker, *Europe in Crisis 1598-1648*

G. Parker and L.M. Smith *General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century*

J. H. Parry, *The Age of Reconnaissance*

Meenaxi Phukan, *Rise of the Modern West:*

Social and Economic History of Early Modern Europe

V. Poliensky, *War and Society in Europe, 1618-48*

Theodore K. Rabb, *The Struggle for Stability in Early Modern Europe V.*

Scammell, *The First Imperial Age: European Overseas Expansion 1400-1715*

Jan de Vries *Economy of Europe in an Age of Crisis, 1600-1750.*

Peter Kriedte, *Peasants, Landlords and Merchant Capitalism*

The Cambridge Economic History of Europe Vol I to VI

F. Rice, *The Foundation of Early Modern Europe*

Philip J Stern *Mercantilism Reimagined: Political Economy in Early Modern Britain and Its Empire*

William Bouwsma, Michael Kimmel *Absolutism and Its Discontent: State and Society in 17th Century France and England*

Cognitive map of Course Outcome with Bloom's Taxonomy:

Knowledge Dimension	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyse	Evaluate	Create
Factual Knowledge		CO1		CO2 CO3	CO 4	
Conceptual Knowledge		CO1 CO2		CO3	CO4	

Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	M	L	L	M
CO2	S	S	M	M	S	L	S	L	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	L	S	S	L	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	M	M	L	L

S-Strong M-Medium L-Low

Course Code: CHIS-407

Course Title: History of India V (c. 1526-1750s)

Nature of the course: Major

Marks: 40 (In-Sem) + 60 (End-Sem) = 100

Credit: 4

Course Description: The course offers an in-depth knowledge of Indian history during Mughal periods. It provides a systematic approach to study political and socio-cultural history during the Mughal Empire and contemporary regional states.

Pre-requisite - Basic chronological understanding of Indian history.

Course Objectives: The course aims to familiarize the students with a comprehensive understanding of the history of Medieval India in chronological detail from the emergence of the Delhi Sultanate. By the end of the course, the students will be able to learn about the political history and various socio-cultural developments in medieval societies with an understanding of the developments in the sphere of religion, art, and architecture.

Course Contents:

Topics			
Unit-1:			
		L	T
1.1	An overview of Sources: (a) Persian Sources (Court chronicles, Biographies and autobiographies: <i>Tuzuk-i Babari</i> , <i>Humayunnama</i> , <i>Akbarnama</i> and <i>Ain-i Akbari</i> , <i>Munthakhab-ul Tawarikh</i> , <i>Jahangirnama</i> , <i>Maasir –I Alamgiri</i>) (b) Vernacular literary traditions (<i>Bakhar</i> , <i>Buranji</i> , <i>Ardhakathanaka</i>) (c) Travellers Accounts (Francois Bernier, Nicolo Manucci, Tavernier)	4	1

1.2	Establishment of the Mughal rule under Babur and Humayun: (political background, military technologies, use of firearms)	4	1
1.3	Expansion and consolidation under Akbar: political diplomacy, court rituals, <i>Sulh-I Kul</i> , <i>Din-i Ilahi</i>	4	1
1.4	Political-administrative organization under the Mughals and Surs: <i>Jagirdari</i> system, <i>Mansabdari</i> system, <i>Madad-i Maash</i> grants	4	1
Unit- 2:			
2.1	Reign of Jahangir: political expansion and consolidation, Nur Jahan's <i>Junta</i>	5	1
2.2	Reign of Shahjahan: Campaigns to the North-west	5	1
2.3	War of succession (Dara Shikoh, Shah Shuja, Murad, Aurangzeb)	5	1
Unit- 3:			
3.1	Aurangzeb and the later Mughals: Deccan policy	5	1
3.2	Issues of the debate on Mughal decline and 18th-century debate	5	1
3.3	The emergence of the regional states: Bengal, the Sikhs and the Marathas	5	1
Unit- 4:			
4.1	Architecture: Under the Mughals: features and techniques (Imperial style gardens, tombs, cities),	5	1
4.2	Major features of architecture in Bengal and Awadh	5	1
4.3	Paintings: Mughal miniatures, Pahari and Rajput style	5	1

Modes of In-Semester Assessment

: 40 Marks

Two Unit Test

: 10+10=20

Any two of the activities listed below

: 10+10=20

a. Group Discussion/Viva

b. Seminar
c. Book Review / Home Assignment

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Critically analyze the historical sources of medieval India from the 16th to 18th century.

CO2: Explain the political development in India between 1526- 1750s.

CO3: Discuss the developments in the 18th-century India.

CO4: Explain various aspects of art and architecture in Mughal Period. Course Contents:

ESSENTIAL READINGS:

Richard M. Eaton, India in the Persianate Age 1000-1765

Harbans Mukhia, The Mughals of India.

Salma Ahmed Farooqui, A Comprehensive History of Medieval India Muzaffar

Alam and Sanjay Subramanian, eds, The Mughal State, 1526 - 1750. J.F.

Richards, The Mughal Empire.

Irfan Habib, Agrarian System of Mughal India, 1526 û 1707.

Satish Chandra, Essays on Medieval Indian History.

-----,Medieval India, Vol 2 Catherine

Asher, Architecture of Mughal India Milo Beach,

Mughal, and Rajput Paintings.

Seema Alavi (ed.) The Eighteenth Century in India

Shireen Moosvi, The Economy of the Mughal India: A Statistical Study Om

Prakash, on the Economic Encounter between Asia and Europe, 1500-1800

Suggested readings:

M. Athar Ali, The Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb.

Ebba Koch, Mughal Art and Imperial Ideology.

S. Arsaratnam, Maritime India in the Seventeenth Century.

Satish Chandra, Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court.

Andre Wink, Land and Sovereignty in India.

S. NurulHasan, Religion, State, and Society in Medieval India.

S. Arsaratnam, Maritime India in the Seventeenth Century.

Muzaffar Alam, The Crisis of Empire in Mughal North India.

Stewart Gordon, The Marathas 1600 - 1818.

Meera Bhargava (ed) the Decline of the Mughal Empire

Cognitive Map of Course Outcomes with Bloom's Taxonomy

Knowledge Dimension	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Factual Knowledge			CO2	CO3 CO4	CO1	
Conceptual Knowledge		CO1 CO4		CO3	CO2 CO3	
Procedural Knowledge						
Metacognitive Knowledge						

Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	S	L	L	S
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	M	L	S
CO3	M	S	M	S	S	S	S	L	S
CO4	S	M	S	M	S	S	L	L	S

S-Strong, M-Medium, L-Low

Semester IV

Name of the Course: History of India -VI (c.1750-1857)

Course Code: CHIS-408

Nature of the Course: Major

Credit: 4

Marks: 40 + 60 =100

Course Outcomes:

CO1: To analyze the political scenario in different parts of India during the 18th century.

CO2: To evaluate the administrative and diplomatic policies of the colonial government during the period of study.

CO3: To examine the economic and cultural developments during that period.

CO4: To discuss the major factors which led to the end of East India Company's rule in India.

Description: This course describes the growth of the British Empire in India and the rise of a new system of administration as well as a new economy and society.

Pre-requisite: Basic concept of modern Indian history

Objectives: Understanding what transpired after the Mughal Empire's decline led to the growth of several regional powers and taking advantage of their internal dissensions helped the European powers to establish their control over the subcontinent. It was the English East India Company who finally was able to establish their empire. This paper will try to understand the different expansionist policies taken by the East India Company to expand and consolidate their hold over India till 1857.

Course Contents:

Topic			
Unit-1 (Marks-15)			
		Lecture	Tutorial
1.1	Understanding the 18 th Century- Regional Powers in the Second Half of the 18 th Century- Bengal, Awadh, Nizam of Hyderabad,	3	1

1.2	Anglo-French rivalries in India- The Carnatic Wars Hyder Ali and Tipu Sultan	2	1
1.3	The Battle of Plassey and the establishment of East India Company's rule in Bengal. Robert Clive and Warren Hastings's policies to lay the foundation of the Company Rule	3	1
1.4	East India Company's relations with the Marathas, the Sikhs and Sindh	2	1
Unit-2 (Marks-15)			
2.1	Consolidation of the Colonial Rule- Lord Hastings's Relations with Nepal and the end of the Anglo-Maratha Wars	2	1
2.2	The increasing Control of the British Government over the Indian affairs- The Regulating Act (1773) The Pitts India Act (1784) the Charter Acts of 1813, 1833, and 1854	3	2
2.3	Lord Cornwallis and the introduction of the Cornwallis Code The Policy of Subsidiary Alliance with the native rulers.	3	1
2.4	East India Company's relations with the neighboring areas- Burma and Afghanistan	2	1

Unit.3 Marks-15

3.1	Land Revenue policies of the East India Company- the Permanent, Ryotwari and the Mahalwari settlements	3	1
3.2	The early political organizations: Zamindary Association of Bengal, The Madras Native Association, and the Bombay Native Association	3	1
3.3	Growth of Modern Education in the country- establishment of new institutions- the Hindu College, the Wood's Despatch	3	1
3.4	Issues of Social Reforms, Raja Rammohan Roy, and the prohibitions of Sati, Ishwarchandra Vidyasagar on female education and widow remarriage. Efforts of the colonial state towards Thugee	3	1

Unit.4		Marks-15		
4.1	Lord Dalhousie and the policies of expansion- The Doctrine of Lapse and its reactions	3		1
4.2	Introduction of railways, Steamers, and Postal services	3		1
4.3	The East India Company and the Tribal Movements- Birsa Munda and the Santhal Uprisings and others.	3		1
4.4	The Revolt of 1857 and the end of East India Company's rule in India	3		1

Modes of In-Semester Assessment : 40 Marks

Two Unit Test : 10+10=20

Any two of the activities listed below : 10+10=20

a. Group Discussion/Viva

b. Seminar

c. Book Review / Home Assignment

Suggested Readings:

Bandyopadhyay, Sekhar : *From Plassey to Partition A History of Modern India*

Chandra, B : *The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India*

Desai, A. R : *Social Background of Indian Nationalism*

Fisher, Micheal : *The Politics of the British Annexation of India, 1757 – 1857*, Grewal, J.

S : *The Sikhs of the Punjab*

Gordon, Stuart : *The Marathas*

Grover B.L & Grover, S : *A New Look at Modern Indian History* Jones, K.W : *Socio-Religious Reform Movements in British India.*

Cognitive Map of Course Outcomes with Bloom's Taxonomy

Knowledge Dimension	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Factual Knowledge		CO1	CO2	CO3 CO5	CO4 CO6	
Conceptual Knowledge		CO1 CO2	CO5 CO6	CO3 CO4		
Procedural Knowledge						
Metacognitive Knowledge						

Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
O1	S	M	S	S	M	S	L	L	S
CO2	M	M	S	M	S	S	M	L	S
CO3	M	S	M	S	M	M	M	L	S
CO4	S	M	S	M	S	S	L	L	S
CO5	M	M	M	S	M	M	L	L	S
CO6	S	M	S	S	S	S	L	L	S

S-Strong, M-Medium, L-Low

SEMESTER IV

Course Code: MINHIS-404

Course Title: Early and Medieval Assam

Nature of Course: Minor

Credit: 4

Marks: 40 (In-Sem) +60(End-Sem) =100

Course Description: This course offers an in-depth knowledge on the political history of pre-modern Assam.

Pre-requisite: Basic concepts on the history and geography of Assam

Course Objectives: This course aims to familiarize the students with a comprehensive understanding of Assam's history from early historic times to the coming of the British.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Develop a chronological interpretation of early and medieval Assam

CO2: Evaluate the process of polity formation till the late 17th century AD.

CO3: Explain the causes of the decline of the Ahom state

CO4: Evaluate the nature of the Ahom state and its relations with the neighbouring states

Units	Topic	Lecture	Tutorial
	Marks-15		
Unit I	1.01: Sources: Archaeological, Numismatic, Epigraphy, Literary Sources (<i>Buranjis and Charit puthis</i>)	5	1
	1.02: State Formation in Early Assam: Socio-Economic background, Varmana, Salastambha and Pala dynasty, Polity and Administration.	5	1
	1.03: Political condition of the Brahmaputra Valley in the 13 th Century, State Formation in the Brahmaputra Valley-the Chutiya, Kachari, Siu ka Pha and Ahom State Formation.	5	1
	Marks-15		
Unit 2	2.01: Expansion and Consolidation of the Ahom State till the 16 th century.	5	1
	2.02: Koch States and Bara-Bhuyans, Tribal Kingdoms and Chiefdoms in Lower Assam region-their relations with the Ahom State	5	1
	2.03: Political Developments in the 17 th Century, Ahom-Mughal Conflict (invasion of Mir Jumla and Battle of Saraighat)	5	1
	Marks-15		
	3.01: Political condition in Assam in the late 17 th century, Ascendancy of the <i>Tungkhungia</i> Dynasty	5	1

Unit 3			
	3.02: Ahom State in the 18 th Century, Decline of the Ahom State: the Moamariya Rebellion and The Burmese Invasions	5	1
	3.03: The English East India Company in Assam Politics- the Treaty of Yandaboo, 1826.	5	1
	Marks-15		
Unit 4	4.01: Administration in Ahom State-the <i>Paik</i> and the <i>Khel</i> system, Koch Administration	5	1
	4.02: Ahom Policy towards the Neighbouring Tribes- the systems of <i>Duar</i> , <i>Posa</i> , <i>Khat</i> and <i>Pam</i> .	5	1
	4.03: Ahom Relations with the States of Manipur and Tripura	5	1

Modes of In-Semester Assessment : 40 Marks

Two Unit Test : 10+10=20

Any two of the activities listed below : 10+10=20

a. Group Discussion/Viva

b. Seminar/ project

c. Home Assignment

Suggested Readings:

Barpujari, H. K. : *Comprehensive History of Assam, Vol. I, II, III* Baruah, S.

L.: *A Comprehensive History of Assam*

Gait E. A. : *A History of Assam*

Baruah, S. L. : *Last Days of Ahom Monarchy(1769-1826)* Bhuyan,

S.K. : *Anglo-Assamese Relations(1771-1826)*

Devi, L. : *Ahom-Tribal Relations*

Gogoi, L. : *A History of the System of Ahom Administration*

Nath, D : *History of the Koch Kingdom*

Cognitive Map of Course Outcomes with Bloom's Taxonomy

Knowledge Dimension	Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Factual Knowledge			CO1	CO3	CO4 CO2	
Conceptual Knowledge			CO1	CO3	CO4 CO2	
Procedural Knowledge						
Metacognitive Knowledge						

• Mapping of Course Outcomes to Program Outcomes

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	S	L	L	S
CO2	M	M	S	M	S	S	M	L	S
CO3	M	S	M	S	M	M	M	L	S
CO4	S	M	S	M	S	S	L	L	S

S-Strong, M-Medium, L-L

